



ARIZONA  
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

SOUTH CAROLINA

NORTH CAROLINA

### S1703 | SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF PEOPLE AT SPECIFIED LEVELS OF POVERTY IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

**Note:** This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	United States				Virginia	
	Total	Less than 50 percent of the poverty level	Less than 100 percent of the poverty level	Less than 125 percent of the poverty level	Total	Less than 50 percent of the poverty level
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Population for whom poverty status is determined	303,692,076	6.8%	15.4%	20.1%	7,854,136	5.2%
<b>AGE</b>						
Under 18 years	72,748,607	9.6%	21.6%	27.5%	1,829,571	6.8%
Related children under 18 years	72,422,408	9.3%	21.3%	27.2%	1,822,915	6.5%
18 to 64 years	190,398,831	6.6%	14.3%	18.4%	5,027,888	5.2%
65 years and over	40,544,638	2.5%	9.4%	14.6%	996,677	1.9%
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN</b>						
One race	295,235,137	6.7%	15.2%	19.9%	7,622,958	5.1%
Two or more races	8,456,939	9.0%	20.1%	25.6%	231,178	6.9%
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	50,724,885	9.8%	24.7%	32.7%	641,992	6.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	192,513,451	4.8%	10.6%	14.2%	5,073,482	3.9%
<b>LIVING ARRANGEMENT</b>						
In family households	253,467,819	5.7%	13.6%	18.0%	6,566,875	4.0%
In other living arrangements	50,224,257	12.2%	24.4%	30.8%	1,287,261	11.0%

Subject	United States				Virginia	
	Total	Less than 50 percent of the poverty level	Less than 100 percent of the poverty level	Less than 125 percent of the poverty level	Total	Less than 50 percent of the poverty level
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>						
Population 25 years and over	203,046,170	4.8%	11.8%	15.9%	5,330,962	3.5%
<b>NATIVITY AND CITIZENSHIP STATUS</b>						
Native	263,914,903	6.7%	14.9%	19.3%	6,949,132	5.1%
Foreign born	39,777,173	7.5%	18.7%	25.2%	905,004	5.2%
Naturalized citizen	18,033,951	3.7%	11.1%	15.6%	430,127	2.3%
<b>DISABILITY STATUS</b>						
With any disability	37,006,154	8.0%	22.2%	29.5%	859,927	6.8%
No disability	265,919,901	6.6%	14.5%	18.8%	6,914,213	5.0%
<b>WORK STATUS</b>						
Population 16 to 64 years	198,820,305	6.7%	14.4%	18.7%	5,234,001	5.3%

Subject	Virginia	
	Less than 100 percent of the poverty level	Less than 125 percent of the poverty level
	Estimate	Estimate
Population for whom poverty status is determined	11.3%	15.0%
<b>AGE</b>		
Under 18 years	14.9%	19.6%
Related children under 18 years	14.6%	19.3%
18 to 64 years	10.7%	13.9%
65 years and over	7.7%	12.2%
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN</b>		
One race	11.2%	14.9%
Two or more races	13.4%	17.2%
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	15.5%	21.5%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	8.5%	11.4%
<b>LIVING ARRANGEMENT</b>		
In family households	9.4%	12.8%
In other living arrangements	21.0%	26.3%
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>		
Population 25 years and over	8.7%	11.9%
<b>NATIVITY AND CITIZENSHIP STATUS</b>		
Native	11.3%	14.9%
Foreign born	11.6%	15.9%
Naturalized citizen	6.4%	9.0%
<b>DISABILITY STATUS</b>		
With any disability	18.9%	25.5%
No disability	10.5%	13.8%
<b>WORK STATUS</b>		
Population 16 to 64 years	10.8%	14.0%

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.